

Feeling burnt out? You're not alone.

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Sensitive content









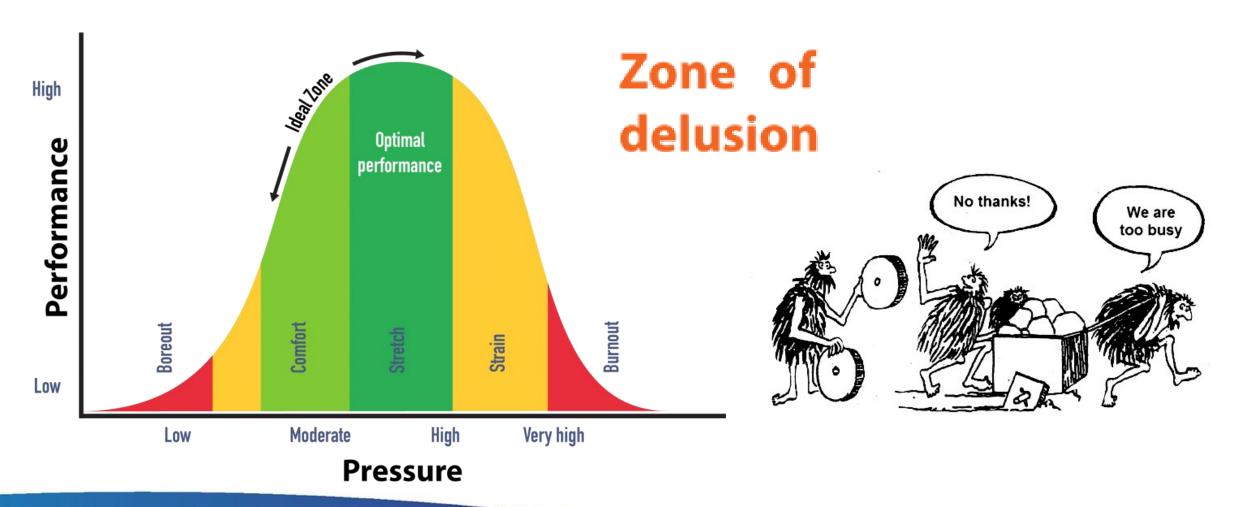


Introduction





Stress-performance curve





What is burnout?

Emotional exhaustion

Withdrawal

Lower performance

11th Revision of the International Classification of Diseases (ICD-11)

What causes it?





Burnout in GPs

- Burnout is common in GPs around the world^{2,3} including GP registrars⁴
 - Stressful, high pressured environments
 - High workload
 - Long hours
 - Emotional strain⁵
- Burnout lies on a spectrum⁴
- Burnout occurs when one's 'wellbeing reservoir' is depleted⁴



Joel Kass. Oil on canvas. The Empty Well.



Aim

To explore the wellbeing and selfcare of GP supervisors in Australia.





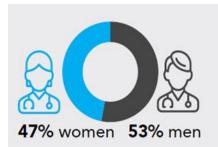
Method

- Participants
 - 290 respondents
 - Good representation by age, gender, state/territory, and metro/non-metro regions.
- Materials and Procedure
 - Monash Human Research Ethics Committee approval (#19442) Feb 2022
 - GPSA members completed the GPSA National Supervisor Survey in March-April 2022
 - Socio-demographics, GP supervision experience, leave, burnout, and selfcare





Who were these people?





100%

Are active GP supervisors

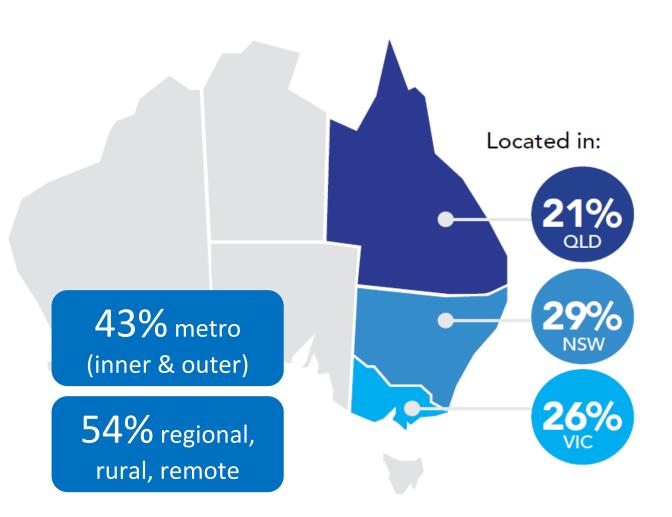




89%

Work in community general practice





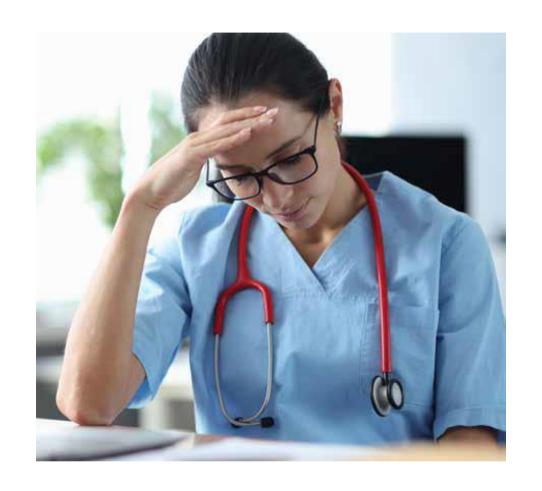


Burnout

- 16-item Oldenburg Burnout Inventory
 - Disengagement
 - Exhaustion
- 4 point Likert-type scale

(1 = strongly disagree,4 = strongly agree)

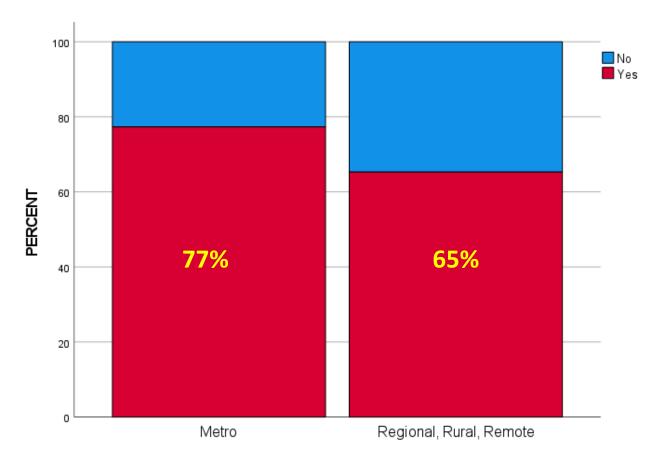
 Higher scores indicate higher levels of burnout





Burnout: Disengagement

It happens more and more often that I talk about my work in a negative way



Mean score = $2.29 \pm .48$

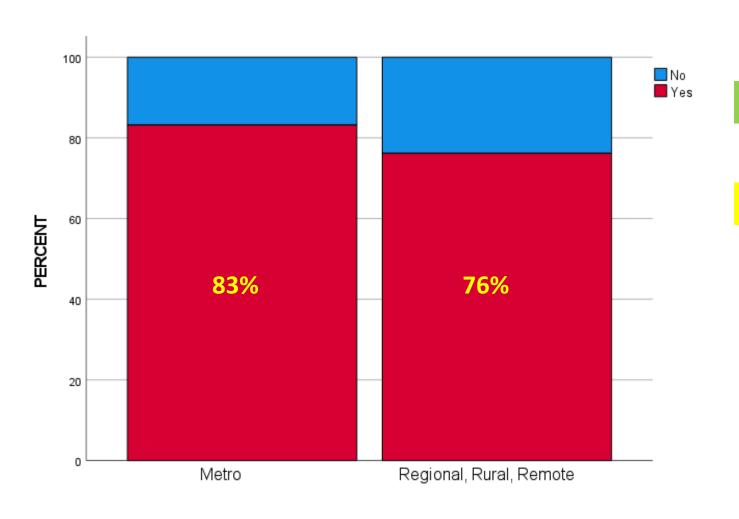
High Disengagement ≥ 2.1

$$X^{2}$$
 (1, N = 266) = 4.57, $p < .05$



Burnout: Exhaustion

During my work, I often feel emotionally drained



Mean score = $2.59 \pm .55$

High Exhaustion ≥ 2.25

 X^{2} (1, N = 266) = 1.966, p > .05



Who's at risk?

Working when unwell

Low workplace support for selfcare

Younger age





42%
Have worked in the past 12 months while unwell



20% Do not have a GP



58%
Believe wellbeing and selfcare could be supported better in the workplace



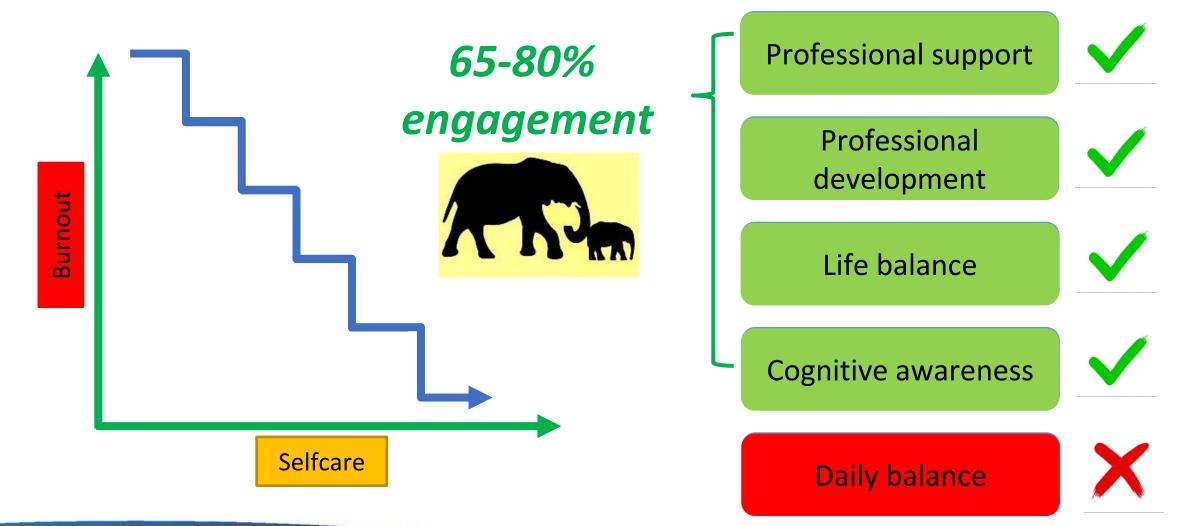
Protective factors?



Photos provided from the RMA website with permission from ACRRM



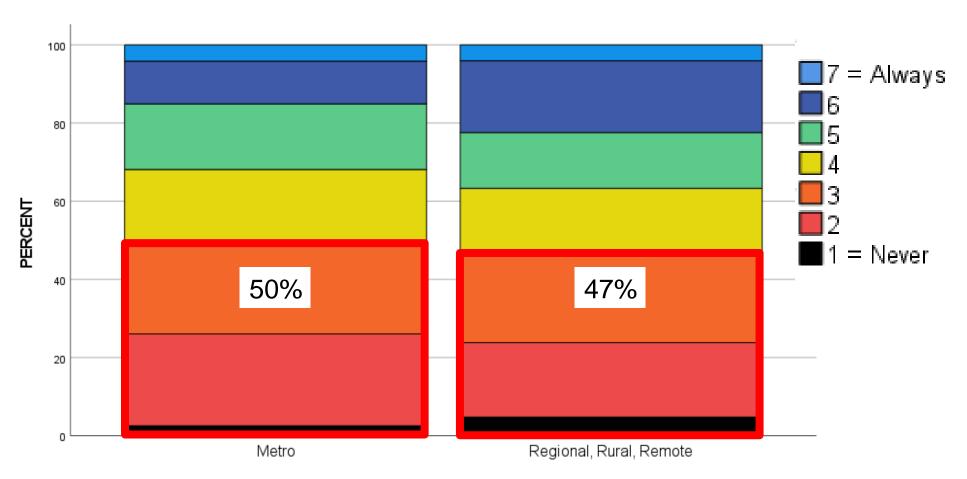
Selfcare





Selfcare: Daily balance

I avoid over-commitment to work responsibilities



t(264) = .930, p > .05, 95% CI [-.556, .199]



- Burnout impacts over 70% of GP supervisors
 - Metro = non-metro locations
- Modifiable personal risk factors
 - Working when unwell
 - Selfcare daily balance
 - Self-awareness and mindfulness
 - Increase agency to set boundaries

Mentally healthy workplace

- Go home on time
- 🦊 Take a lunch break
- **Set** realistic deadlines
- Take your holiday leave
- Allocate time to do the things you enjoy







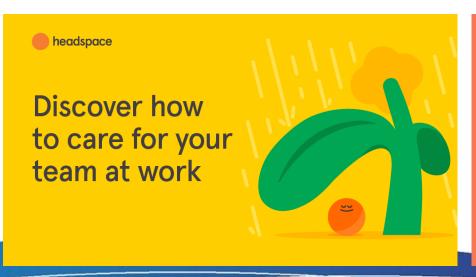
- Burnout represents a systemic workplace and workforce problem
- 58% of GP supervisors believe their selfcare could be better supported in their workplace

OPPORTUNITY!



Practice level

- supportive culture (e.g., empathy, trust, inclusion, and support)
- supportive policy (e.g., flexible workloads, reward peer-support, PD)
- supportive tools







Heads ûp



Sector level

- Urgent and increased government investment in general practice and workforce training
- Increased recognition and funding
 - increase in Medicare patient rebates
 - increase to the bulk-billing incentive
 - indexation for MBS items





Transition to College-led training





References

- 1. World Health Organisation. International Classification of Disease for Mortality and Morbidity Statistics (ICD), 11th revision, Geneva, 2018
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- **4.** Prentice et al. Burnout, wellbeing and how they relate: A qualitative study in general practice trainees. Med Educ. 2022; 1-13.
- 5. Zarei et al. Prevalence of Burnout among Primary Health Care Staff and Its Predictors: A Study in Iran. Int. J. Environ. Res. Public Health 2019, 16, 2249; doi:10.3390/ijerph16122249



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Thank-you



